

**INSEP**  
*Terre de Champions*



# TECH IN THE FRENCH HIGH PERFORMANCE SUPPORT SYSTEM

Gaël GUILHEM, Lab Head  
Laboratory Sport Expertise and  
Performance (EA 7370)





Training  
facilities



Academics



Baccalauréat 2016  
**100%** of success  
& **73%** with honors

**52**  
Teachers

**133**  
Elite athletes  
graduated in 2016

Medical  
center



**80**  
staffs

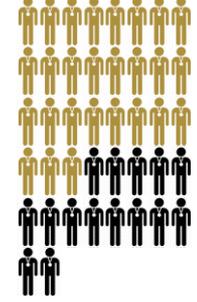
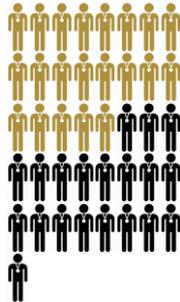


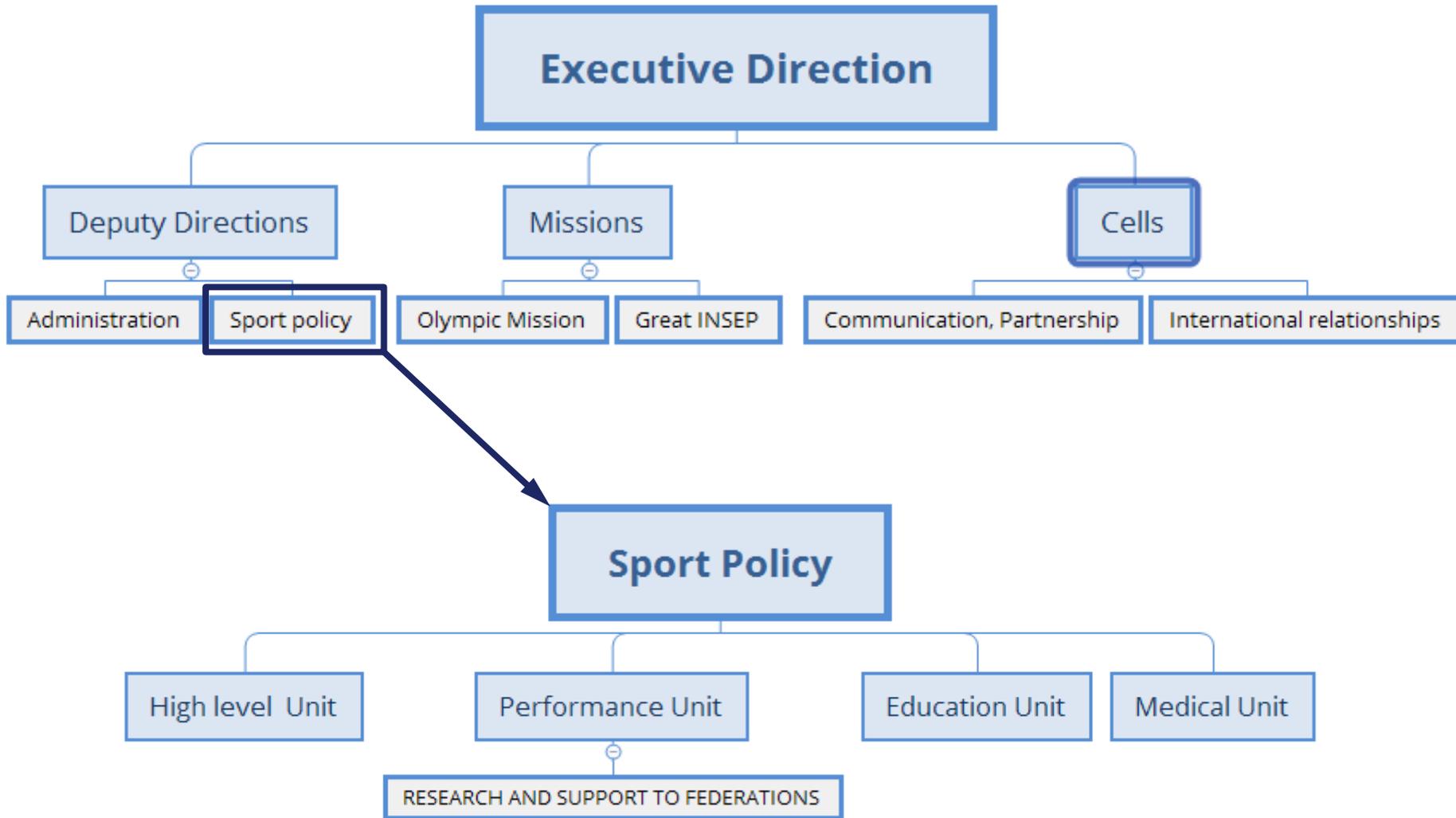


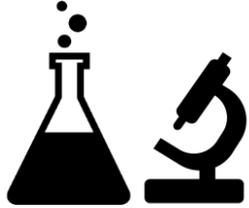
**1 / 3** of the athletes selected to the last Olympics



**+50%** medalists







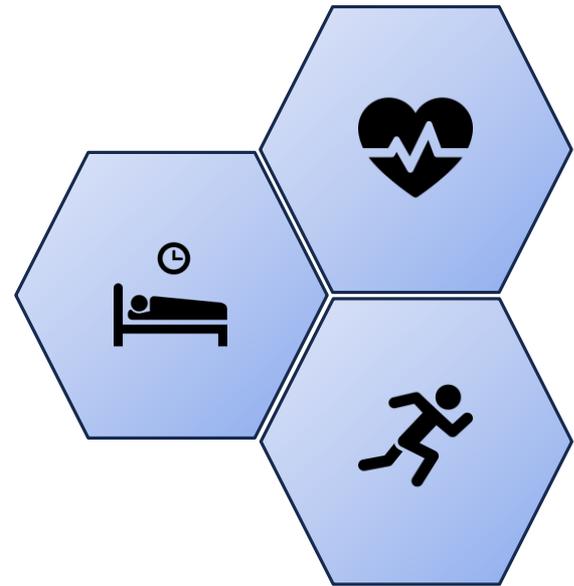
AIM: to **develop** and to **transfer knowledge** with practical applications for **sport performance**

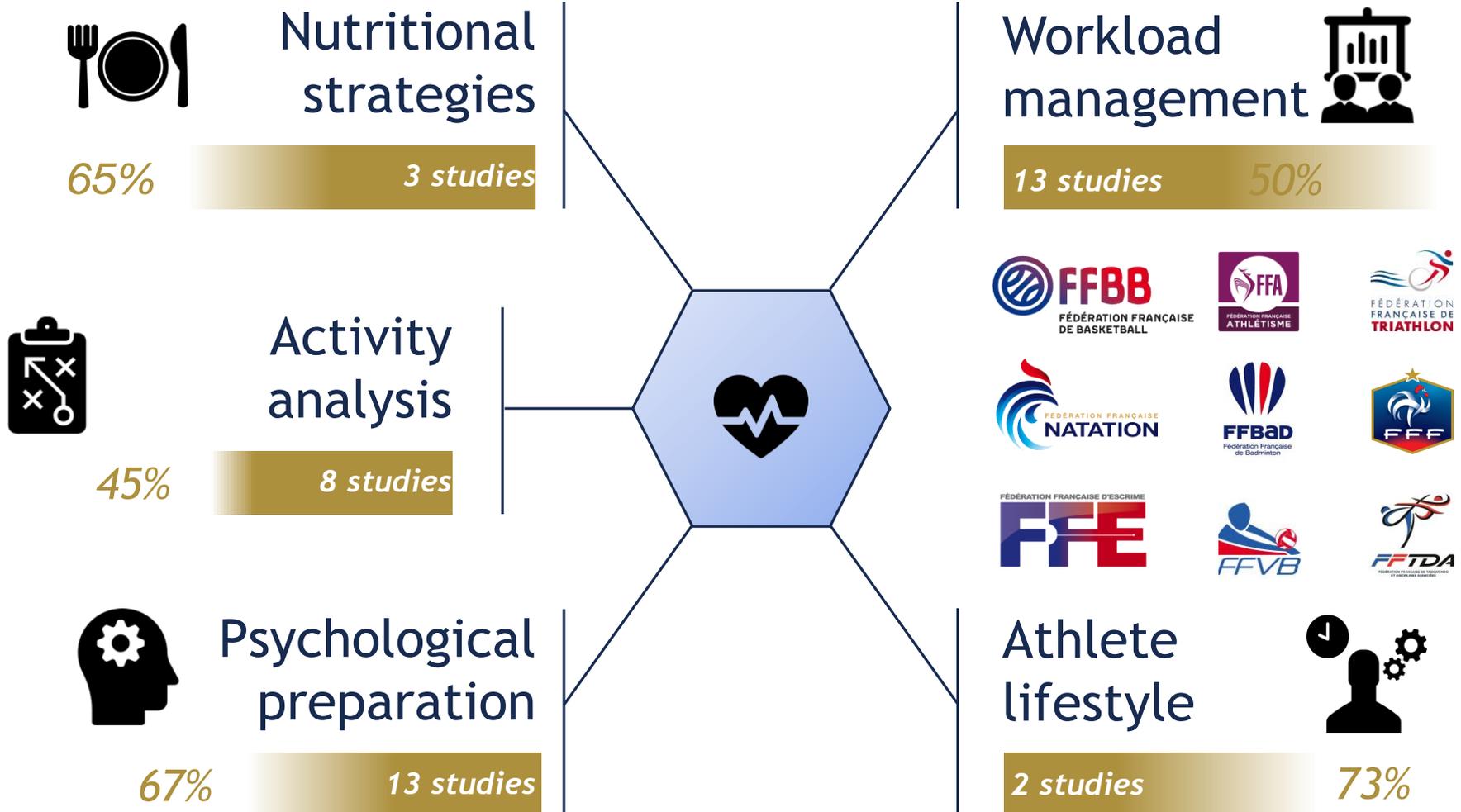


## Laboratory Sport, Expertise and Performance - EA 7370

Understanding and optimization  
of **elite sport performance**

- Theme 1 : Stress
- Theme 2 : Recovery
- Theme 3 : Movement





## Concurrent training, from cell to performance

Claire Thomas-Junius

> To determine and analyze the effects of competition and training sessions on physiological responses

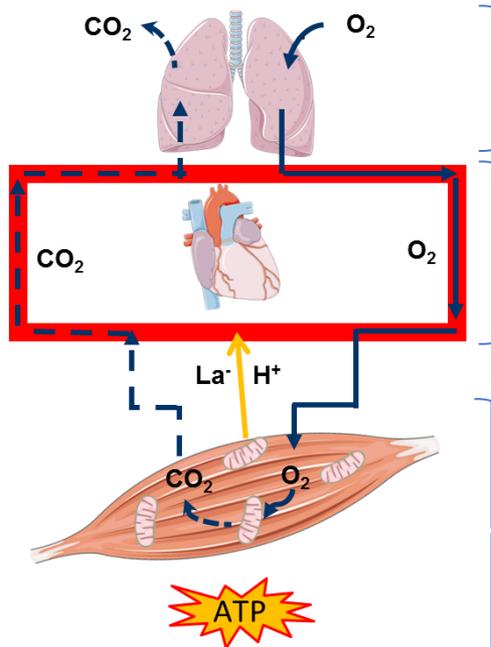


### Macroscopic level

- Oxygen uptake kinetics,
- respiratory capacities...
- HR / RQ ...
- pH
- $[La^-] / [H^+]$
- $H^+ + HCO_3^- = CO_2 + H_2O$

- pH
- Sarcolemmal transporters
- Mitochondrial respiration
- Buffer capacity
- Oxidative stress

### Microscopic level



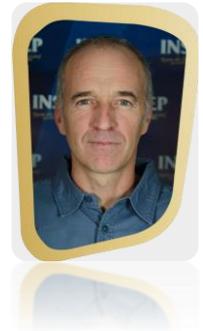
## Conditions of performance project for Olympic and Paralympic athletes Fabrice Burlot and Helene Joncheray

### > Elite athletes' lifestyle

What preparation? How to organize and prepare (physical, mental, nutrition, recovery, etc.) to perform?

Nutritional habits & performance: « knowing and engaging » or « knowing and resisting » against the advises from the nutritional mission.

Injuries & performance: The conditions of injury occurrence in the medical system.



Research Article

**The life of high-level athletes:  
The challenge of high  
performance against the  
time constraint**

**Fabrice Burlot**  
National Institute of Sport, Expertise and Performance (INSEP), France

**Rémi Richard**  
University of Montpellier, France

**Helene Joncheray**  
Paris Descartes University – Sorbonne Paris Cité, France

**Abstract**  
The conditions for high performance have changed considerably over the last few years. Athletes must spend more time training and competing, devote a lot of time to mental, physical and nutritional professionals and continue to respond to some constraints such as studying, spending time with their families, friends and quality of life. In this context and based on the work of Rosa, we wonder about the capacity of elite athletes to combine all these constraints, namely to manage the acceleration in their pace of life, in order to be able to achieve always.

International Review for the  
Sociology of Sport  
1-16  
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DOI: 10.1177/1012690214647196  
ir.sagepub.com

**SAGE**

## Individual and collective stress management

Julie Doron, Chloé Leprince

> Stress, coping and sport performance



- > Perceived control
- > Threat appraisal
- > Challenge appraisal
- > Problem-focused coping
- > Emotion-focused coping
- > Positive affects
- > Negative affects



Sleep environment

33% 7 studies



Nutrition & recovery

25% 8 studies



Psychological factors

20% 2 studies

Technology & methods

10 studies 37%



Recovery & injury

3 studies 30%



## Impact of **sleep** environment on performance

Mathieu Nédélec, Anis Aloulou

- > Assessing the influence of night exercise-induced fatigue on sleep
- > Implementing sleep hygiene strategies (mattress)



Polysomnography



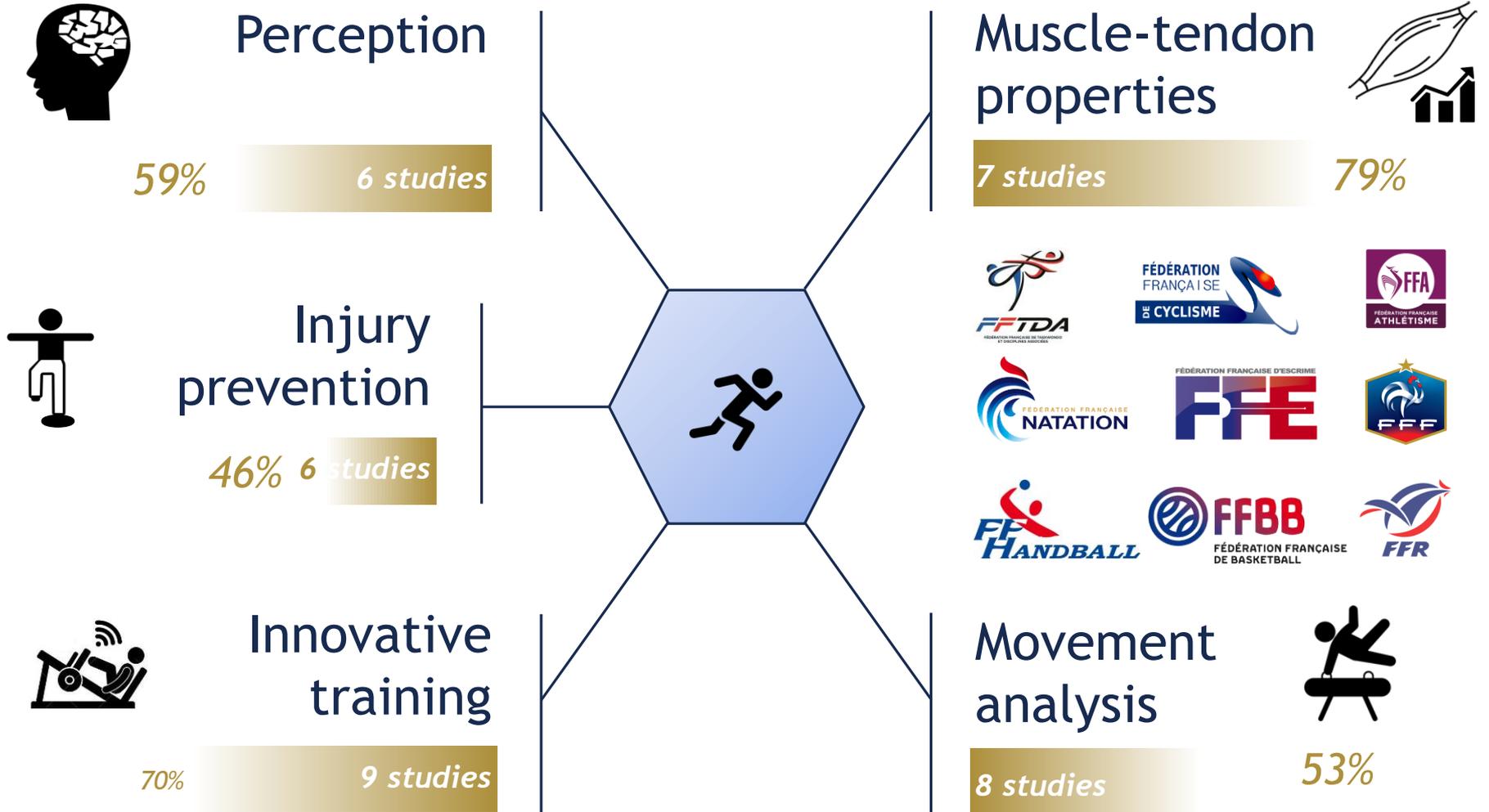
Actigraphic sleep assessment

QUESTIONNAIRE DE SOMMEIL  DATE : .....

HEURES

20	21	22	23	24	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
☾		☀												☾										
***																								

Sleep diary



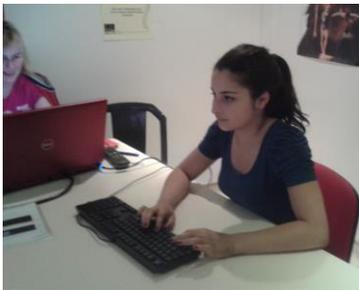
## Conscious and unconscious visual perception

Impact of motor expertise or injury

Claire Calmels



- > Sport injury prevention, rehabilitation and optimization of sport movements via the use of motor simulation



Priming,  
Interview



EEG

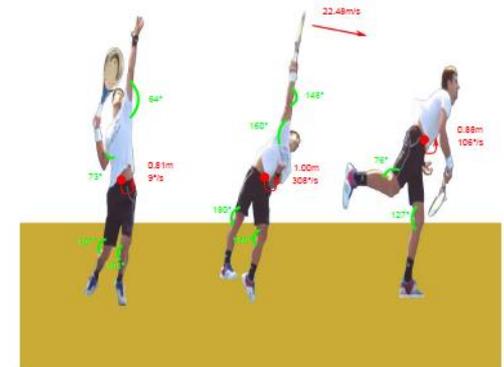


fMRI



## Conception of a **biomechanical scan**

Daniel Dinu



**APPLIED RESEARCH**



**SCIENTIFIC SUPPORT TO FEDERATIONS**

Performance  
optimization



Injury  
prevention





THE PLAYER LOAD PARAMETER MEASURED BY  
ACCELEROMETRY AS AN INDEX OF THE CENTER  
OF MASS DISPLACEMENTS? A VALIDATION STUDY



Study 1



Study 2

## Physical demand

### Training load adaptation to competitive load

Reilly et al. 2000, Vaeyens et al., 2009

### Talent identification

Banister et al. 1975, Foster et al. 1998, Impellizzeri et al. 2004, Halson et al. 2014



## Numerous studies in **team sports**

Buchheit, 2009 ; Cunniffe, 2009 ; Weston, 2011 ; Waldron 2011 ;  
Póvoas, 2012 ; McLellan, 2011 ; Gray, 2010



## Heart rate monitoring

Buchheit et al., 2009 ; Coutts et al., 2009



## Video analysis

Green et al., 1976 ; Dawson et al., 2004



## Global Positioning System (GPS)

Aughey et al., 2001 ; Dellaserra et al. 2014



Numerous tools allow to analyze the physical demands



## Heart rate monitoring

Buchheit et al., 2009 ; Coutts et al., 2009



## Video analysis

Green et al., 1976 ; Dawson et al., 2004



## Global Positioning System (GPS)

Aughey et al., 2001 ; Dellaserra et al. 2014



## Accelerometry

McCullom et Peters 1924 ; Walter 1996

$$\text{Player Load} = \sqrt{\frac{(a_{y1} - a_{y-1})^2}{\text{ANTERO POSTERIOR}} + \frac{(a_{x1} - a_{x-1})^2}{100 \text{ MEDIOLATERAL}} + \frac{(a_{z1} - a_{z-1})^2}{\text{VERTICAL}}}$$

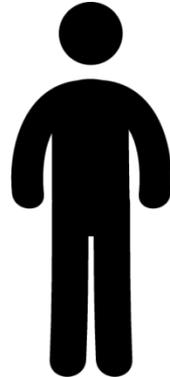
Montgomery et al. 2010; Boyd et al. 2011

Authors	Year	Sport	Parameter / context
Boyd et al. Gallo et al. Gastin et al. Coad et al.	<b>2011</b> <b>2013</b> <b>2014</b> <b>2015</b>	Australian Football Australien	Reproducibility <b>Player Load</b>
Casamichana et al. Castellano et al. Scott et al. Terje et al	<b>2012</b> <b>2013</b> <b>2015</b>	Football / Soccer	<b>Player Load</b>
Chandler et al.	<b>2014</b>	Netball	Training / competition <b>Player Load</b>
Gabbett et al. Jones et al.	<b>2012</b> <b>2015</b>	Rugby	<b>Player Load</b>
Montgomery et al.	<b>2010</b>	Basketball	Training / competition <b>Player Load</b>
Wundersitz et al.	<b>2013</b> <b>2014</b> <b>2015</b>	Walking / running / jumping / cutting manoeuvres	Validity peak accel vs PFF Validity MinimaxX peak accel vs video analysis Validity MinimaxX for contact



- To assess the **concurrent validity** of the **player load** parameter measured from **accelerometers** (vs. a reference **force plates** method)
- To estimate the **effect of the intensity**
- To optimize the **computation** methods

21 participants



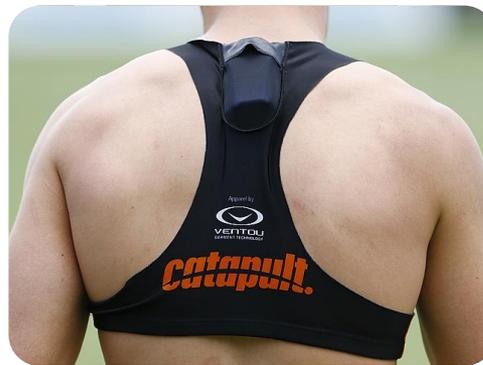
age:  $29.5 \pm 7.9$  y



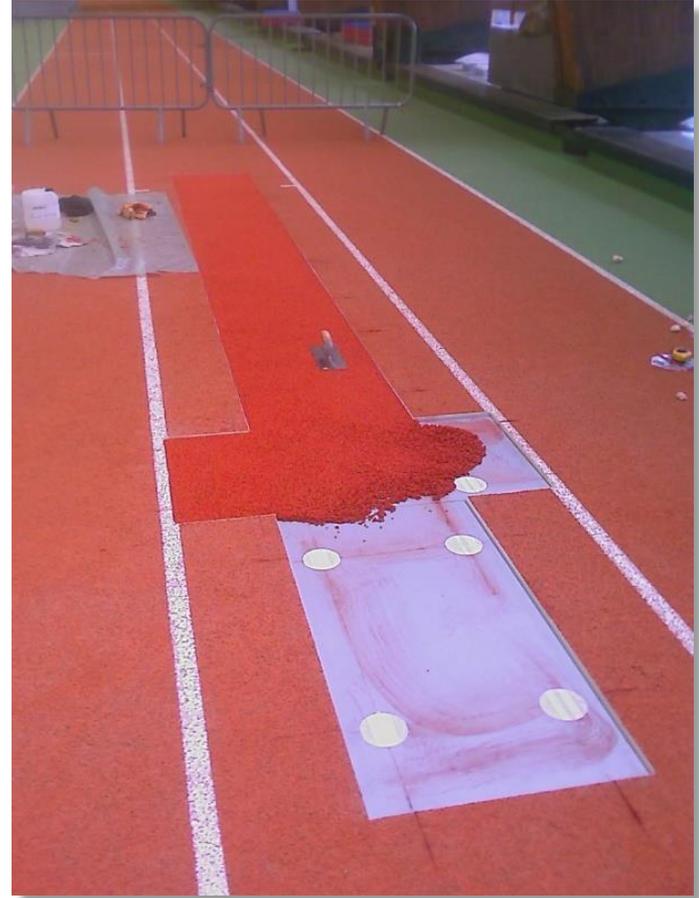
height:  $179.2 \pm 4.8$  cm



mass :  $76.0 \pm 5.6$  kg



Upper back  
'classical' location



## 6.6 m force plates system (Kistler) (standard method)



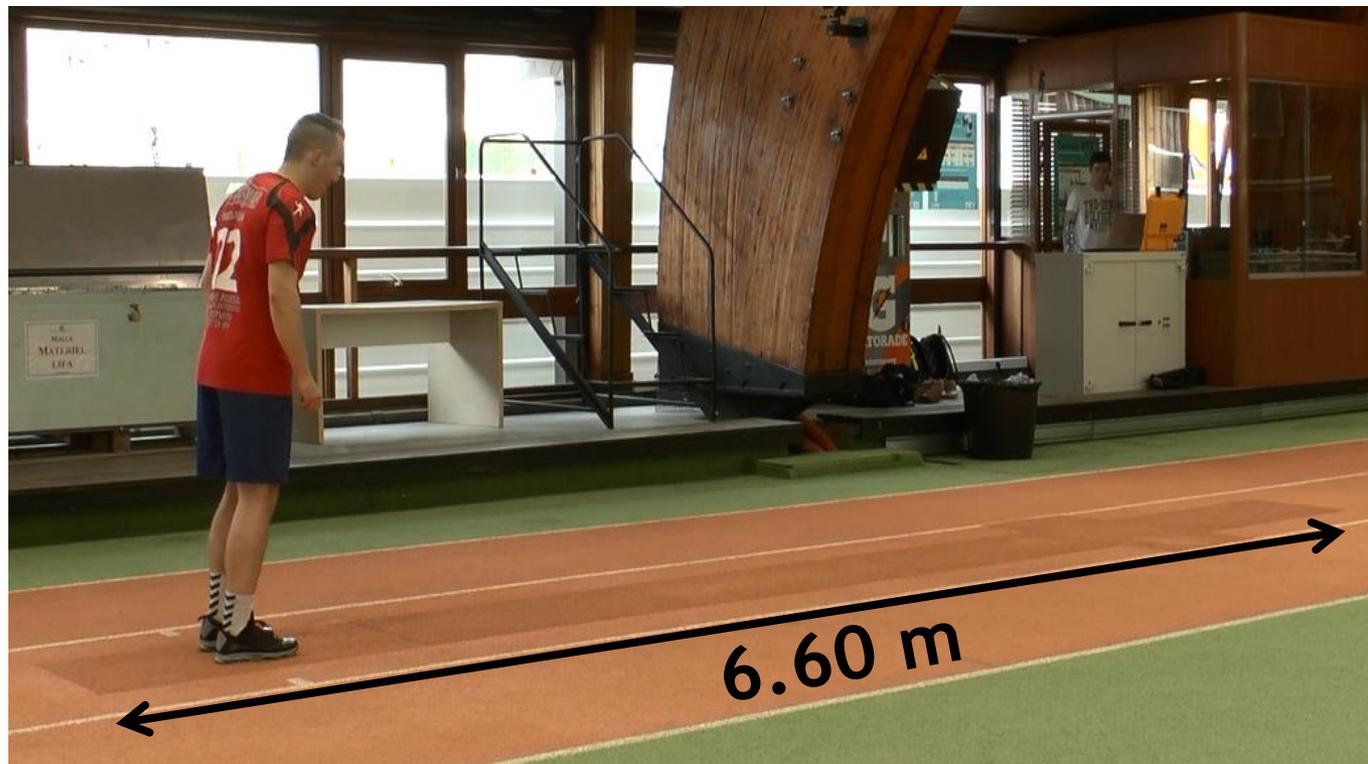
General  
displacements



Running  
accelerations



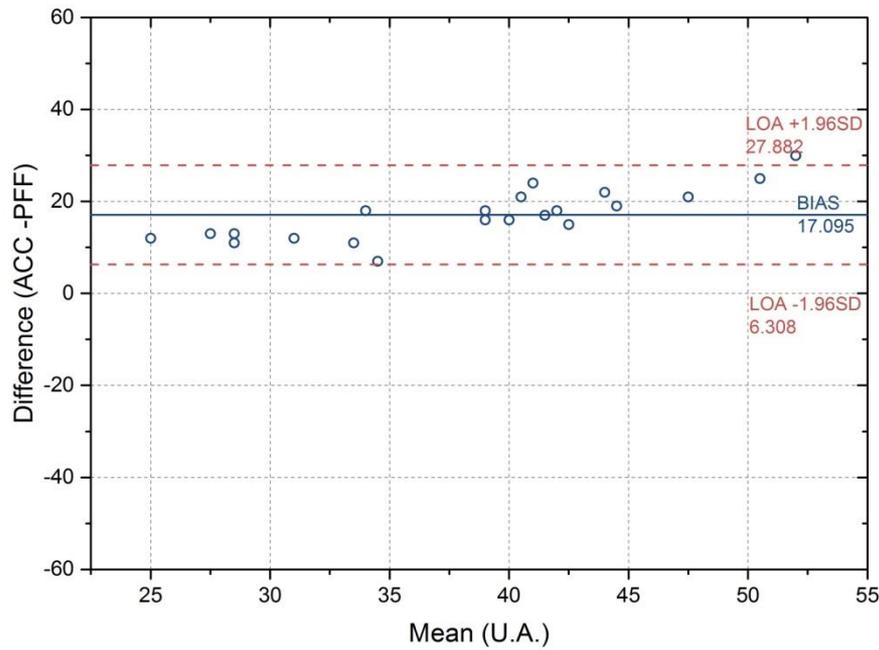
Handball spec. 1 vs 1



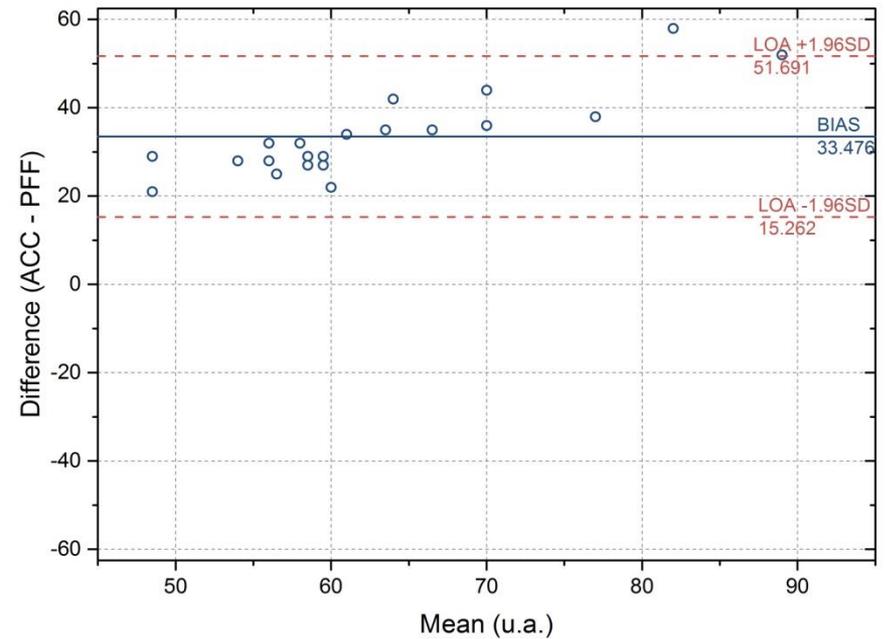
Low and maximal intensity



## General displacements



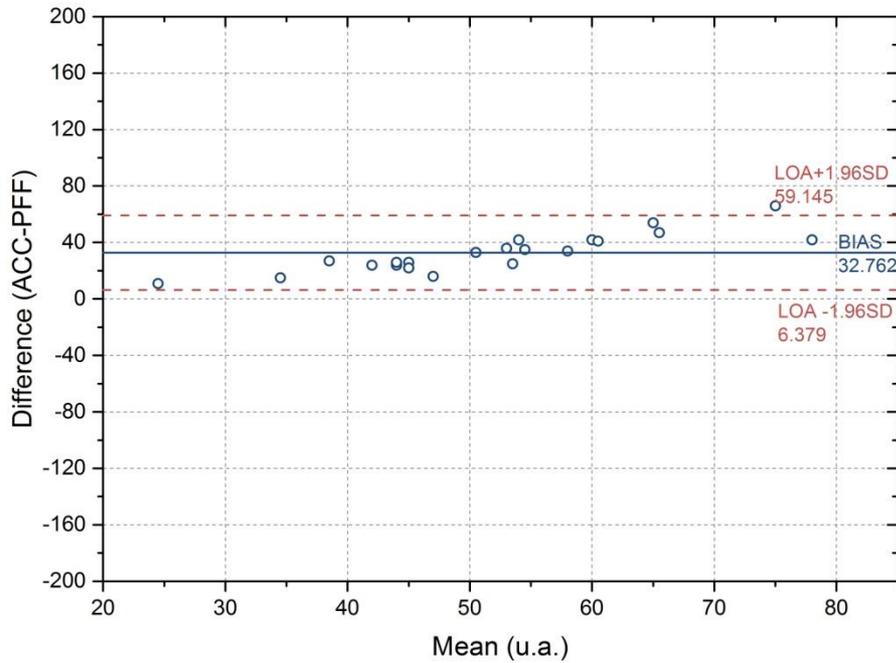
Low intensity



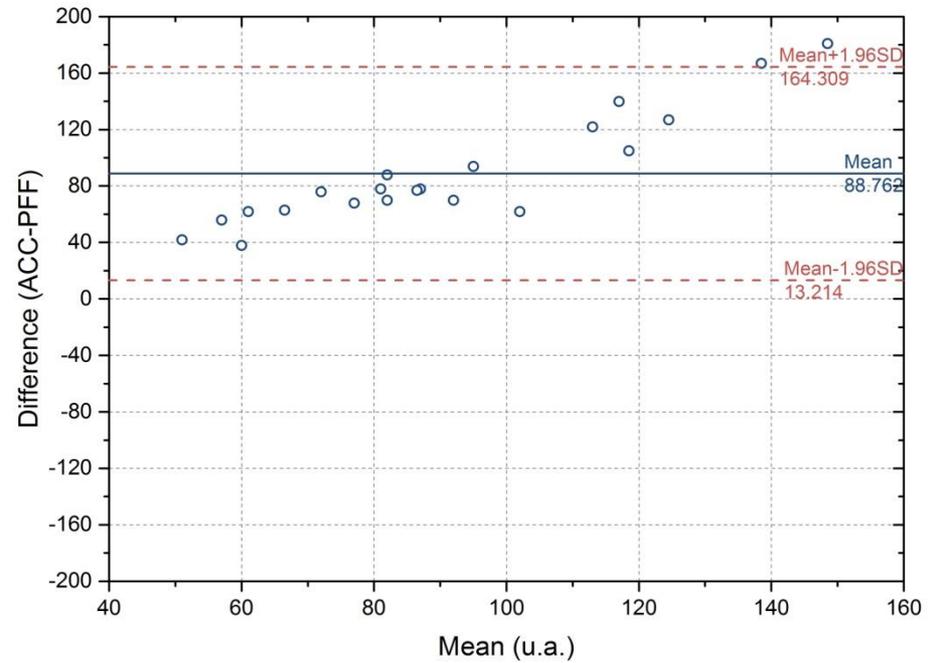
High intensity



## Running accelerations



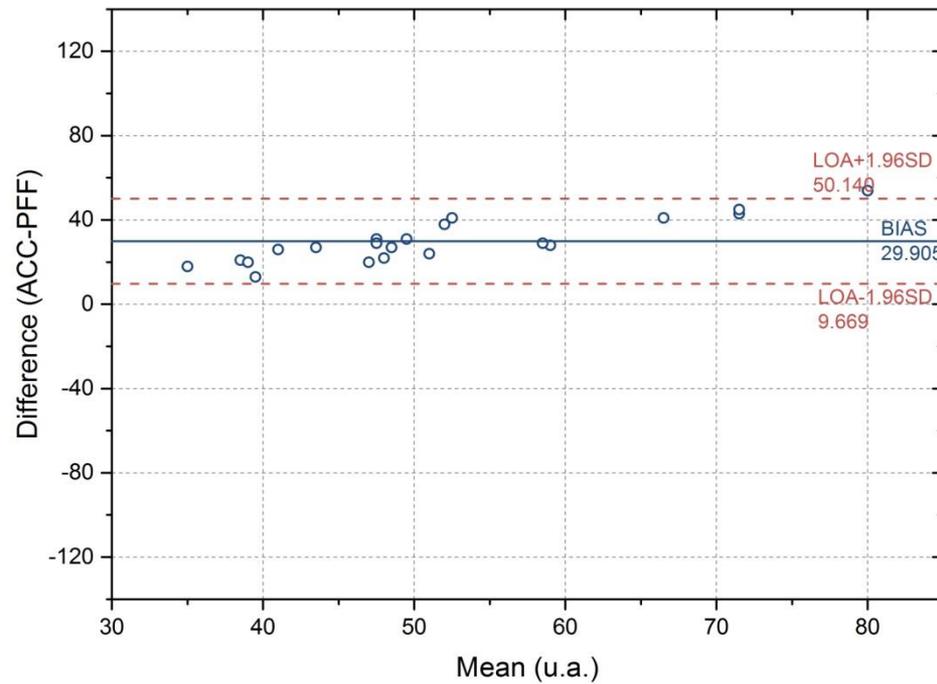
Low intensity



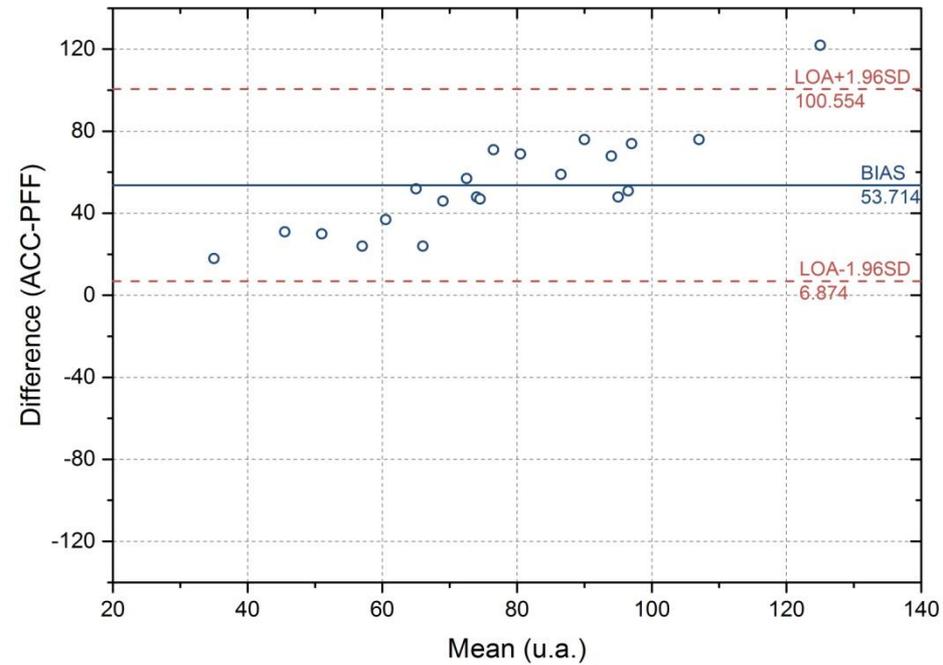
High intensity



## Handball spec. 1 vs 1

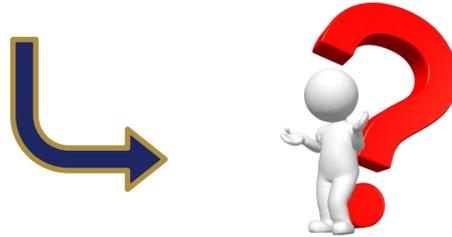


Low intensity

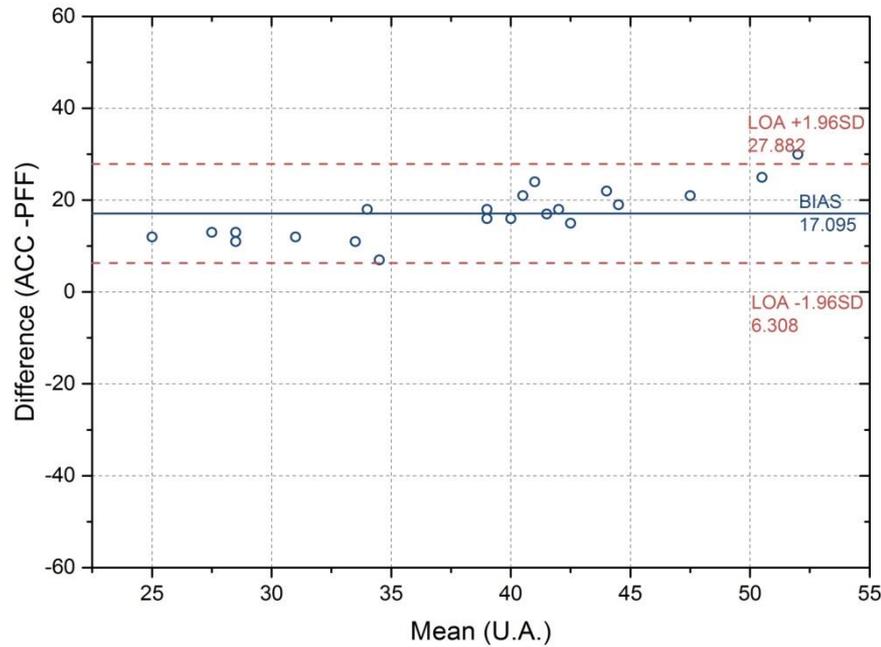


High intensity

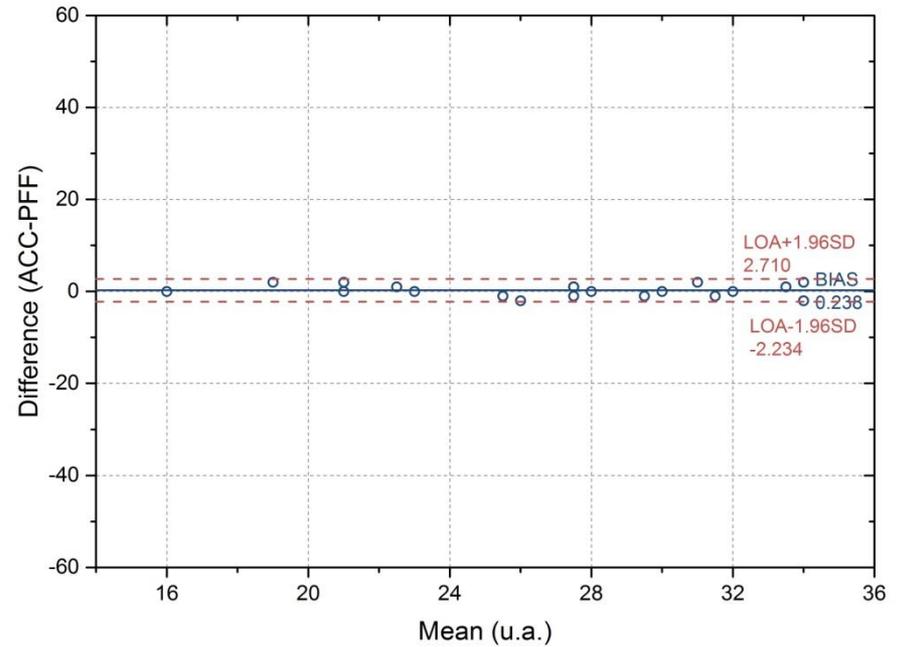
Optimized processing : equation / filters



## Classical calculation



## Optimization

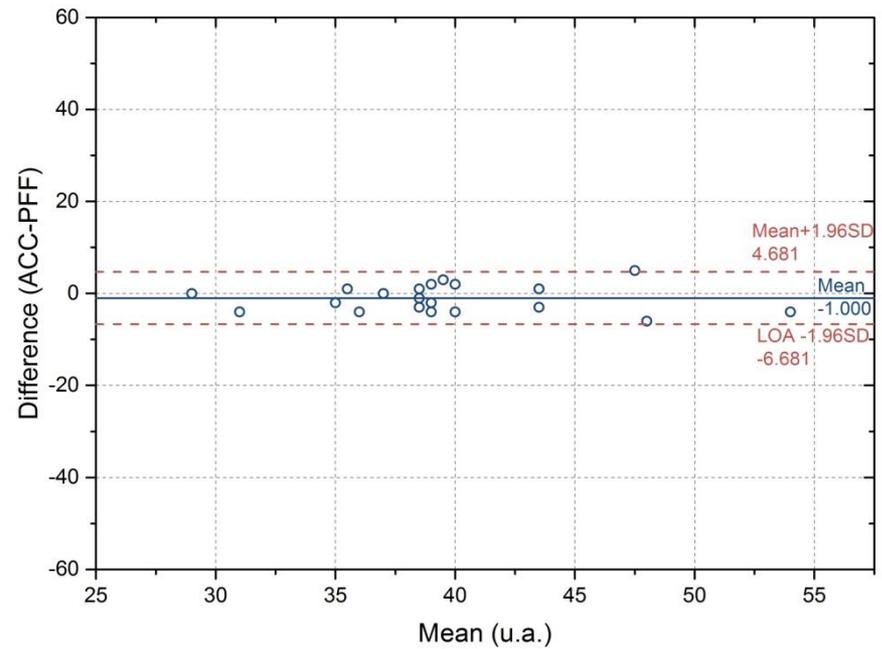
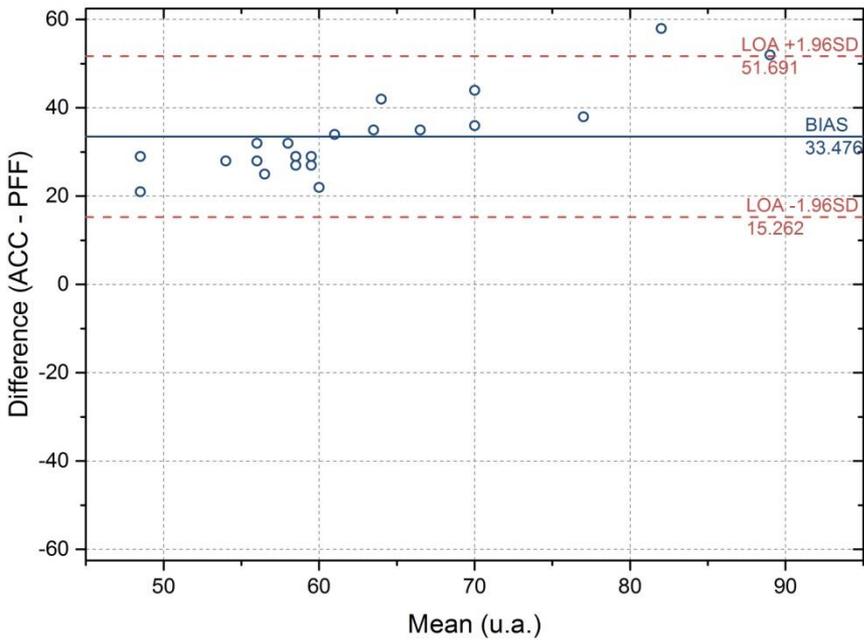


General displacements

Low intensity

## Classical calculation

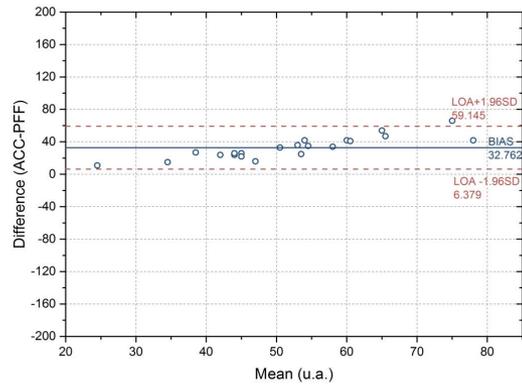
## Optimization



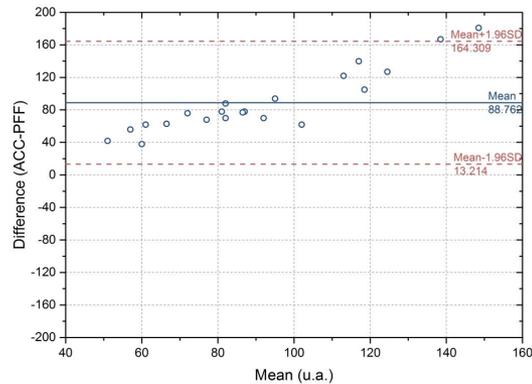
General displacements

High intensity

## Classical calculation



Low intensity

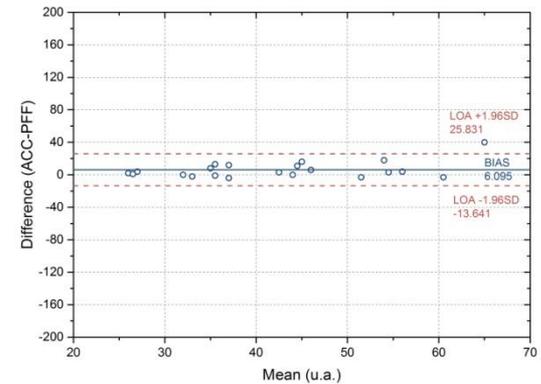
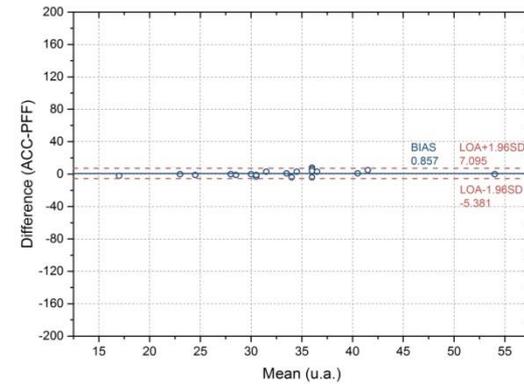


High intensity

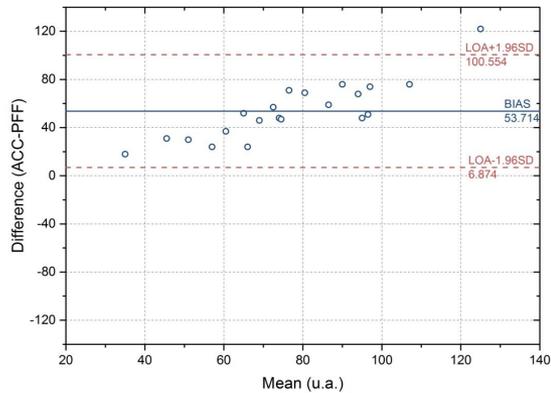
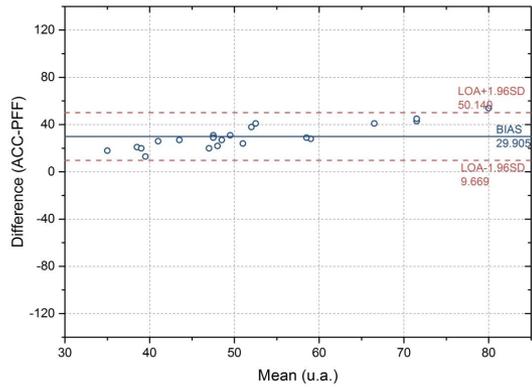


Running Acceleration

## Optimization



## Classical calculation



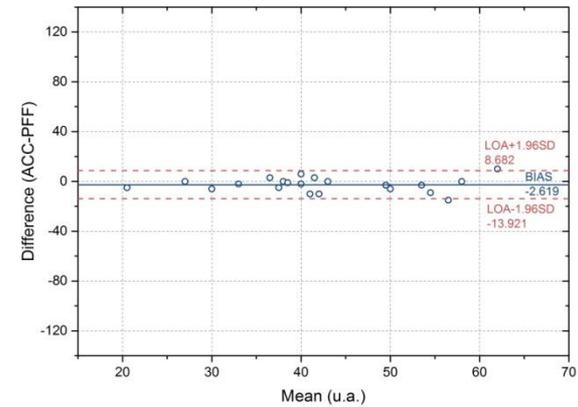
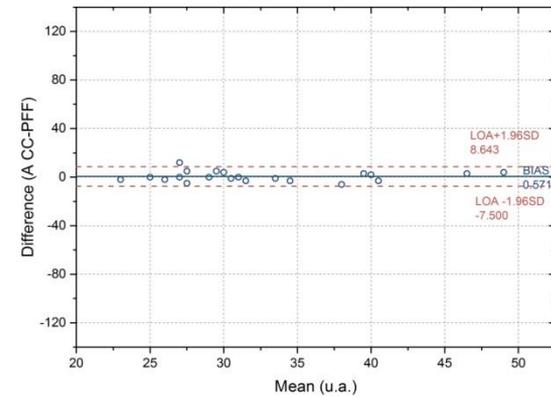
Low intensity

High intensity



Handball spec. 1 vs 1

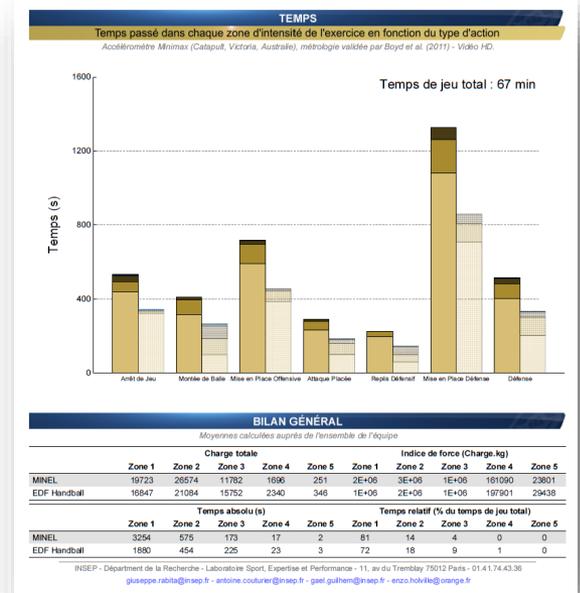
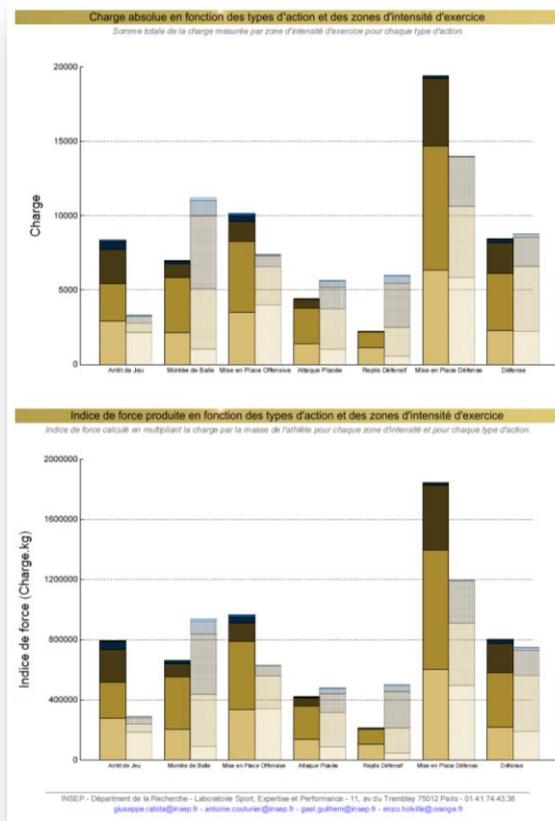
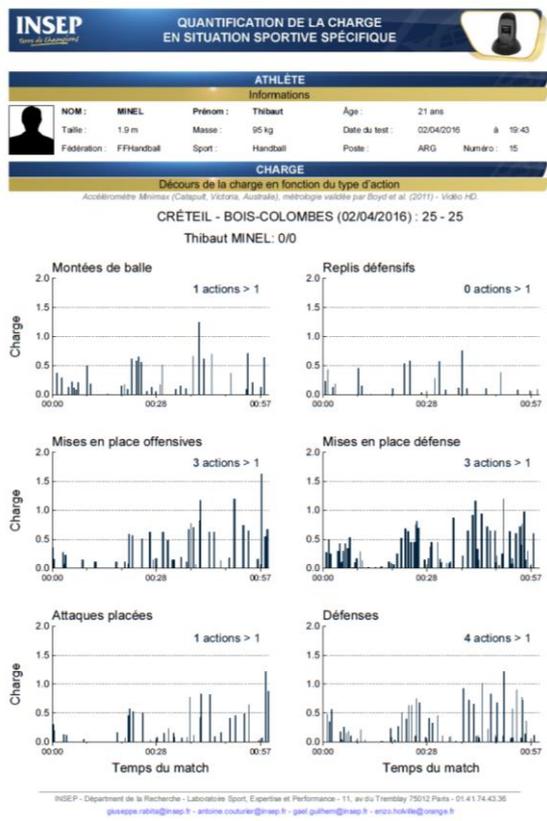
## Optimization





**6 MATCHES**







### ATHLÈTE

#### Informations



Taille :	1.9 m	Masse :	95 kg	Âge :	21 ans
Fédération :	FFHandball	Sport :	Handball	Date du test :	02/04/2016 à 19:43
				Poste :	ARG Numéro : 15

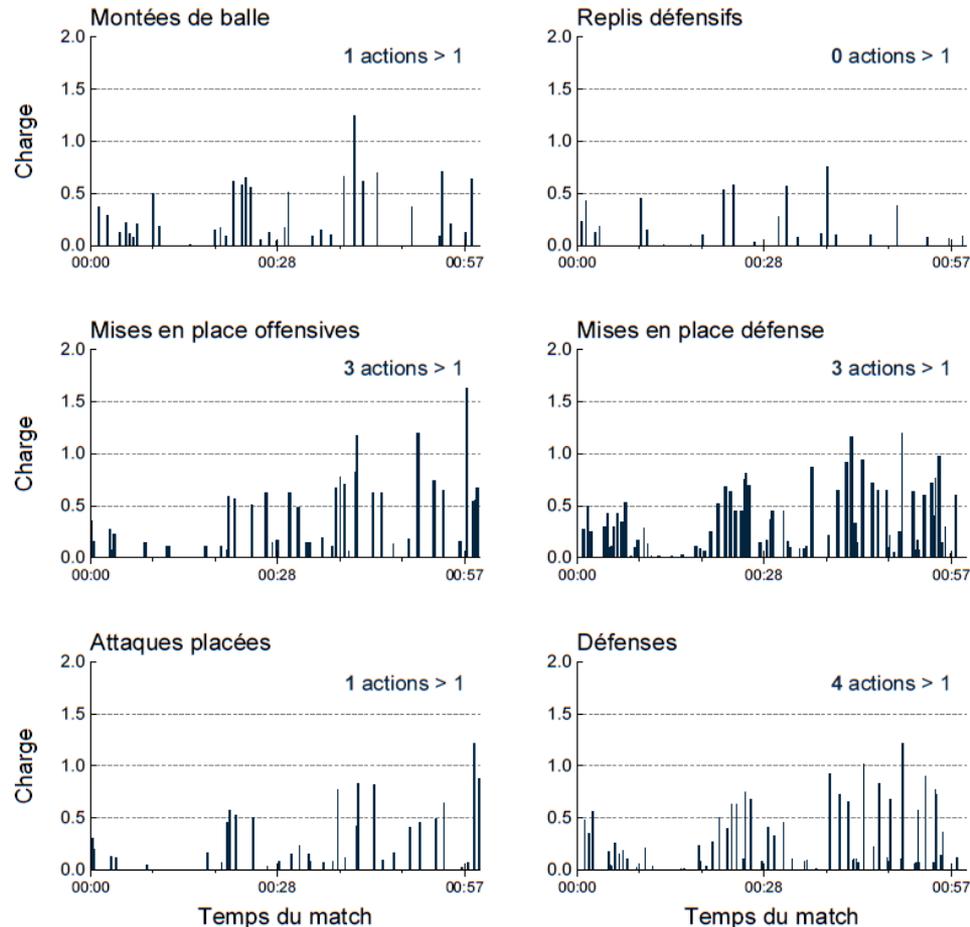
## CHARGE

Décours de la charge en fonction du type d'action

Accéléromètre Minimax (Catapult, Victoria, Australie), métrologie validée par Boyd et al. (2011) - Vidéo HD.

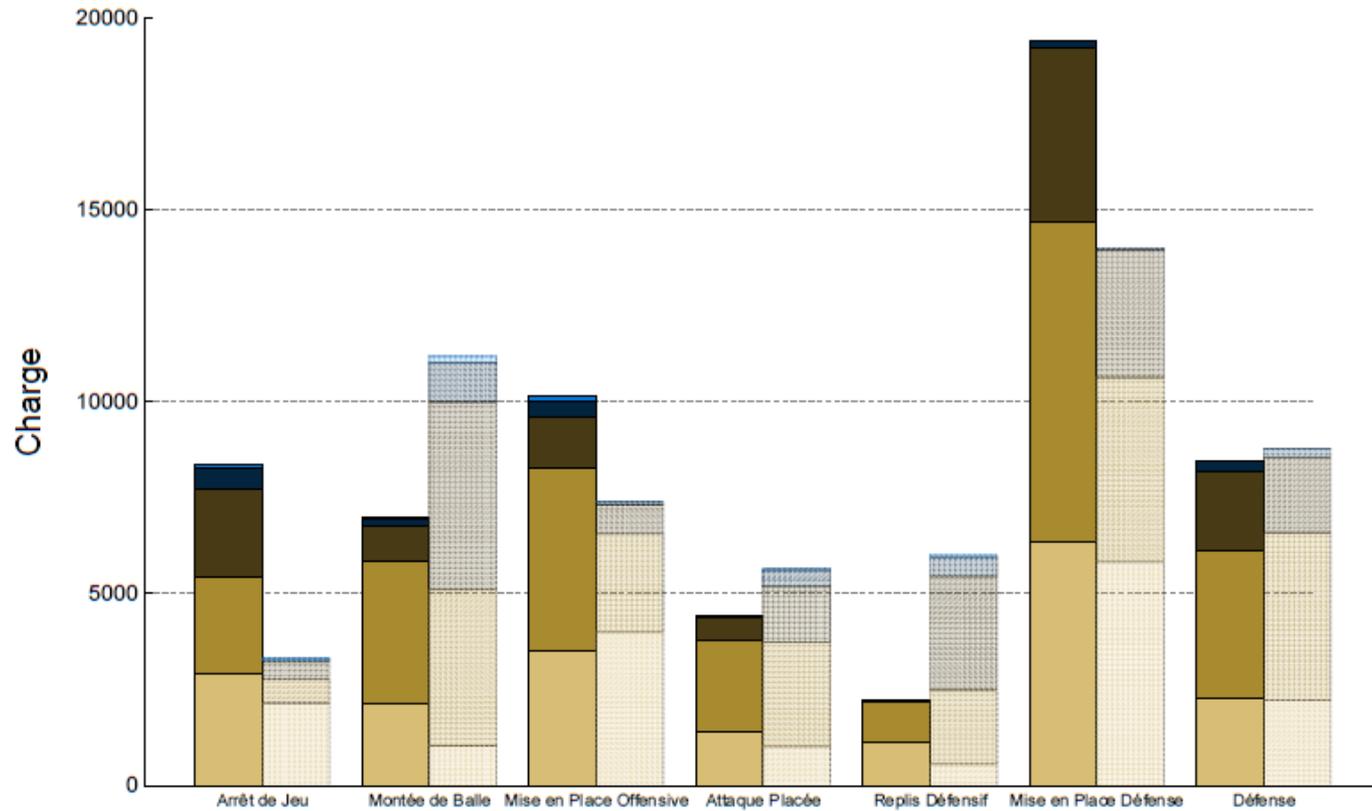
CRÉTEIL - BOIS-COLOMBES (02/04/2016) : 25 - 25

Thibaut MINEL: 0/0



## Charge absolue en fonction des types d'action et des zones d'intensité d'exercice

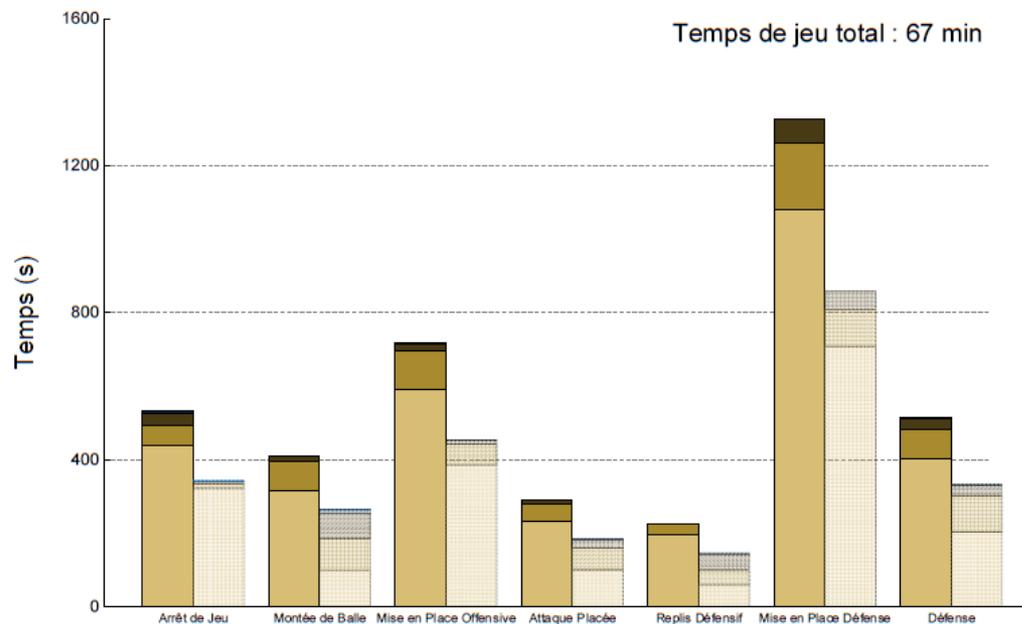
*Somme totale de la charge mesurée par zone d'intensité d'exercice pour chaque type d'action.*



## TEMPS

Temps passé dans chaque zone d'intensité de l'exercice en fonction du type d'action

Accéléromètre Minimax (Catapult, Victoria, Australie), métrologie validée par Boyd et al. (2011) - Vidéo HD.



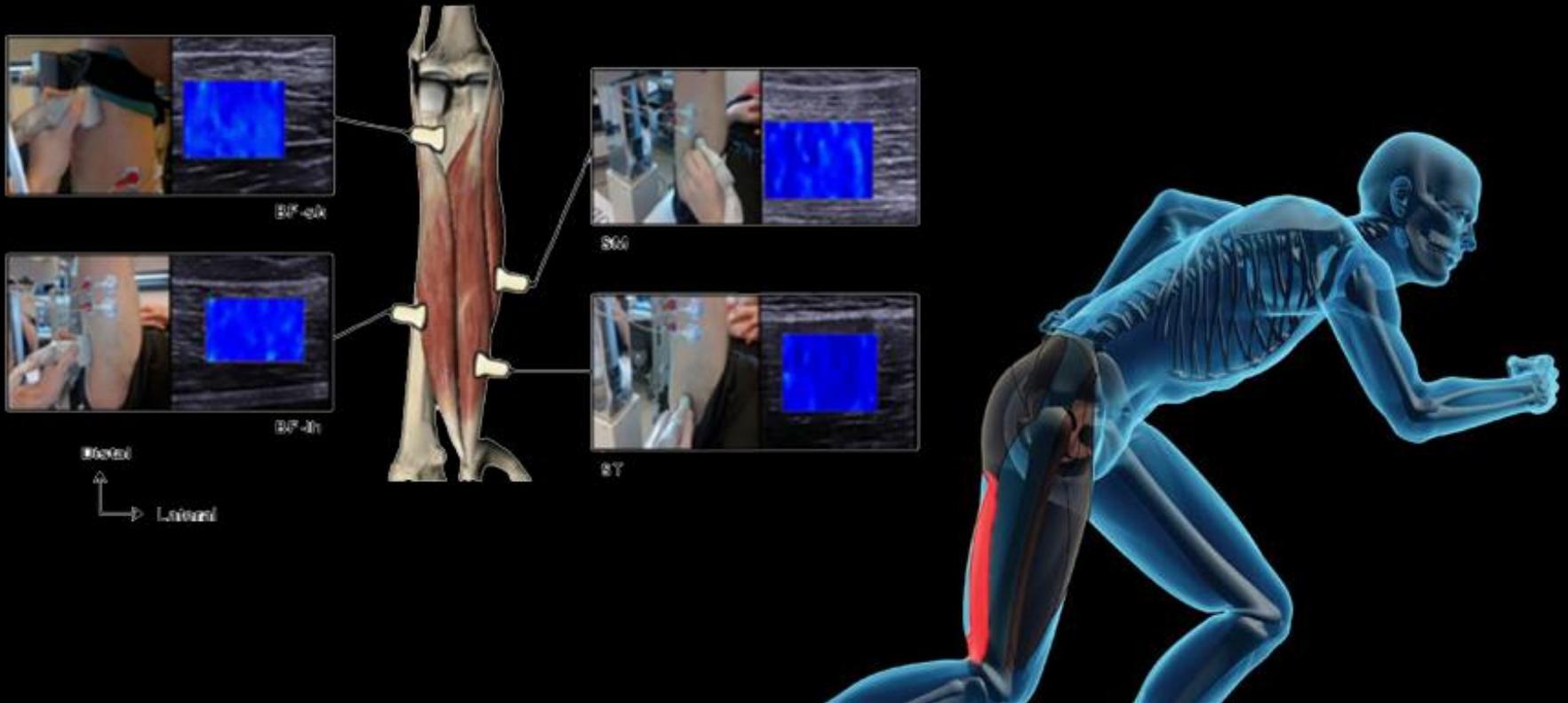
## BILAN GÉNÉRAL

Moyennes calculées auprès de l'ensemble de l'équipe

	Charge totale					Indice de force (Charge.kg)				
	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	Zone 5	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	Zone 5
MINEL	19723	26574	11782	1696	251	2E+06	3E+06	1E+06	161090	23801
EDF Handball	16847	21084	15752	2340	346	1E+06	2E+06	1E+06	197901	29438

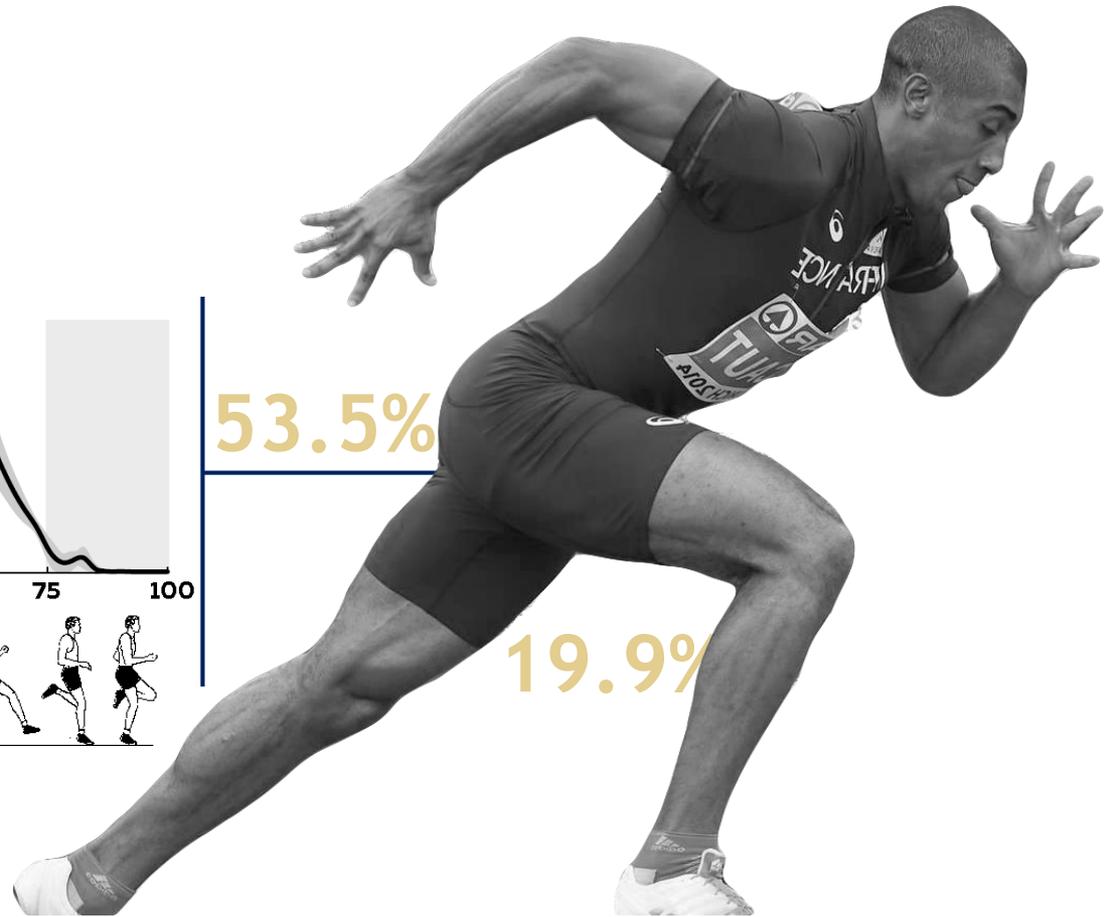
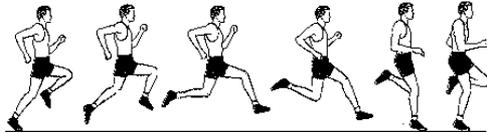
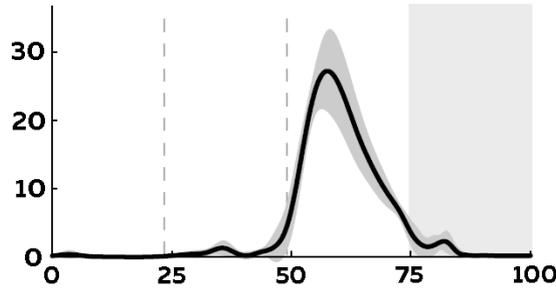
	Temps absolu (s)					Temps relatif (% du temps de jeu total)				
	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	Zone 5	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	Zone 5
MINEL	3254	575	173	17	2	81	14	4	0	0
EDF Handball	1880	454	225	23	3	72	18	9	1	0



# HAMSTRING STIFFNESS AMONG ELITE ATHLETES



MTU Force (N/kg)



53.5%

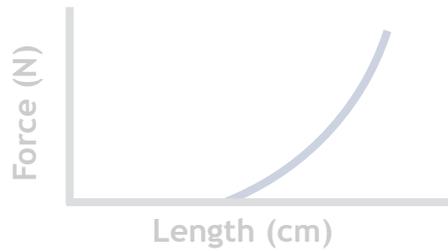
19.9%

Hamstring  
behavior



Mechanical  
properties



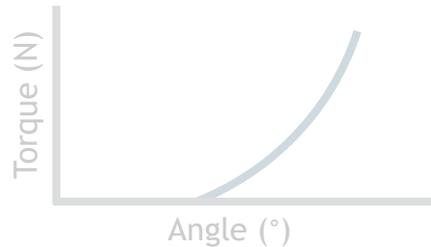


Mechanical properties



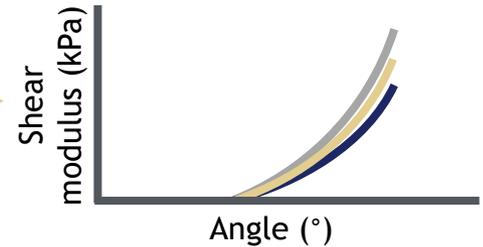
## Passive resistive torque

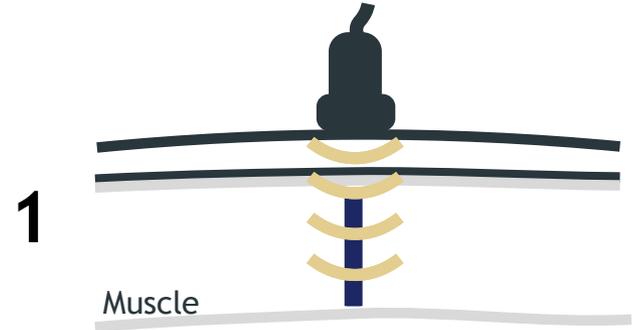
Nordez et al. (2008) Int J Sports Med



## Ultrasound shear-wave elastography

Le Sant et al. (2015) Plos One





## 113 Athletes



Soccer



Fencing



Taekwondo



Track and Field



Field hockey



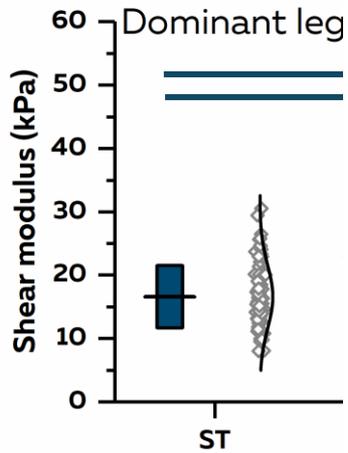
How does muscle stiffness differ among hamstring muscles?



How does hamstring stiffness differ between males and females and between sport?



Is there a relationship between a stiff muscle and the prevalence of hamstring injury?



BFlh > SM > ST  
Le Sant et al. (2015)

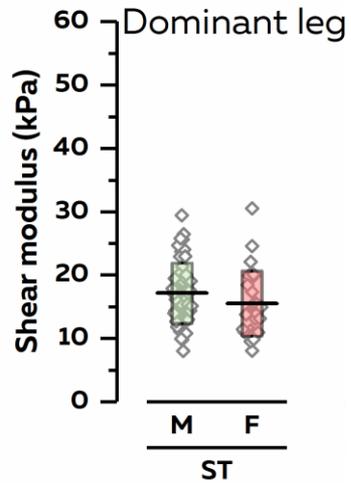
SM > BFlh > ST  
Umegaki et al. (2015)



Muscle geometry (Volume, Fascicle length, PCSA)  
Koo & Hug (2015)

Tendon mechanical properties  
Magnusson et al. (2008) - Herbert et al. (2011)



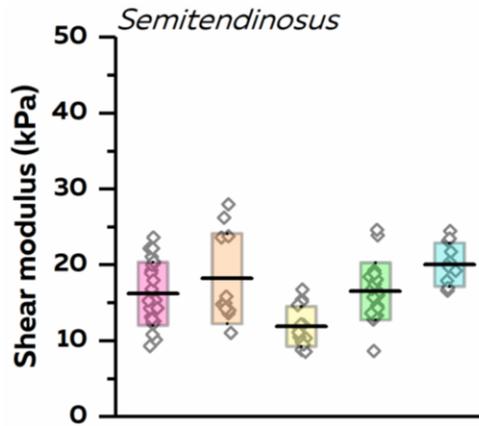


Higher muscle stiffness in males related to other parameters than shear modulus

Eby et al. (2015)

Stiffness was greater in males and linearly correlated with CSA

Blackburn et al. (2009)



## Chronic training

Fascicle length increases with velocity training

Blazevich et al. (2003)

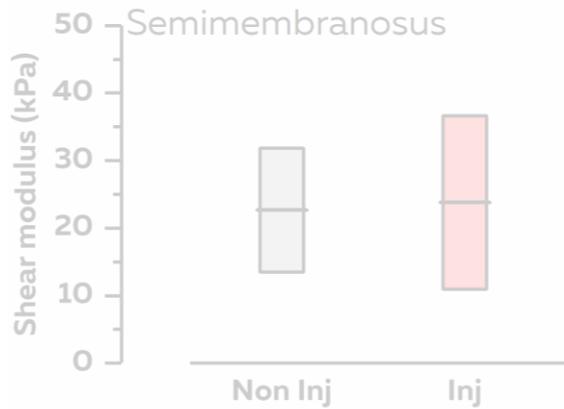
Hamstrings PCSA increases with strength training

Seymore et al. (2017)

Hamstrings stiffness decreases with stretching

Magnusson et al. (1996) - Miyamoto et al. (2015)





Soccer players with a lower flexibility had a higher risk of injury

Witvrouw et al. (2003)

No relationship between range of motion and risk of injury for Australian footballers or sprinters

Gabbe et al. (2005) - Yeung et al. (2009)



Ultrasound shear-wave elastography is a reliable and valid technique **to assess non-invasively mechanical properties of hamstring muscle**



A **high inter-individual variability** exists among elite athletes when considering muscle stiffness. It may be impacted by intrinsic factors and chronic practice.



The shear modulus value failed to predict hamstring injuries.

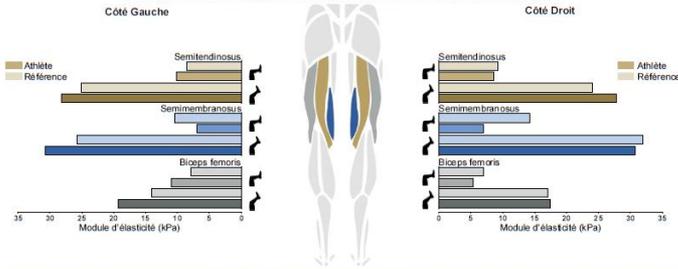
A **systemic approach** may help to a better understanding of injury risk.

**INSEP** TEST D'ÉLASTICITÉ MUSCULAIRE  
PROJET BLESSI

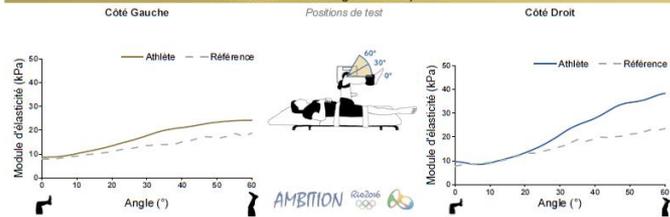
**ATHLÈTE**  
Informations

**TESTS D'ÉLASTICITÉ MUSCULAIRE**  
Élasticité des muscles ischio-jambiers

Elasticité musculaire mesurée à partir de la méthode d'élastographie (Supersonic Imagers, Aix-en-Provence, France) - Méthode validée par Lacourpaille et al. 2013 - 2 angles pour chaque muscle en mesure statique puis en cycle passif



**Relation Élasticité-Angle du Biceps femoris**



**BILAN GÉNÉRAL**

Progrès (%): Evolution de la mesure depuis le dernier test - Valeurs références : valeurs calculées avant la lésion musculaire

Muscle	Gauche				Droit			
	Amplitude IJ	ST	SM	BF	Amplitude IJ	ST	SM	BF
Angle	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30
29/06/2017	0	10	28	7	31	11	19	0
Test Précédent	0	9	25	10	26	8	14	0
Progrès (%)								
Référence	0	9	25	10	26	8	14	0
Référence	0	9	24	14	32	7	17	0

ST: Semitendinosus SM: Semimembranosus BF: Biceps femoris  
INSEP - Département de la Recherche - Laboratoire Sport, Expertise et Performance - 11, av du Tremblay 75012 Paris - 01.41.74.43.36  
[gael.athlet@insep.fr](mailto:gael.athlet@insep.fr) - [simon.avallon@insep.fr](mailto:simon.avallon@insep.fr)



Partnership with the **medical** and **physiotherapy** department



**Follow-up** of injured athletes to assess the recovery of initial stiffness

## Collaborators

French Institute of Sport (INSEP)

Dr Giuseppe Rabita

Dr Antoine Couturier

Dr Franck Brocherie

M Simon Avrillon

M Robin Hager

M Enzo Hollville

University of Nantes

Dr François Hug

Dr Antoine Nordez

Dr Sylvain Dorel

Dr Arnaud Guével

Dr Marc Jubeau

